

2.– 5. September 2013  
in Nürnberg



# Herbstcampus

Wissenstransfer  
par excellence

## Neues Gesicht

Neues und Erwähnenswertes aus JavaServer Faces 2.2

Michael Kurz



# JavaServer Faces im Rückblick

---



# Big Ticket Features

---

- HTML5 Friendly Markup
- Resource Library Contracts
- Faces Flows
- Stateless Views

# HTML5

---



**Neue Elemente**

**Neue Eingabetypen**

**Neue Attribute**

**Custom-Data-Attribute**

# HTML5: Klassisches JSF

---

- Seite mit JSF-Tags

```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/html">
<h:head><title>JSF 2.2 HTML5</title></h:head>
<h:body>
  <h:form id="form">
    <h:inputText id="email" value="#{bean.email}" />
    <h:commandButton action="#{bean.save}"
                      value="Save"/>
  </h:form>
</h:body>
</html>
```

# HTML5: Pass-Through-Attribute

---

- Seite mit JSF-Tags + HTML5-Attributen

```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/html"
      xmlns:pt="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/passthrough">
<h:head><title>JSF 2.2 HTML5</title></h:head>
<h:body>
  <h:form id="form">
    <h:inputText id="email" value="#{bean.email}"
                pt:type="email" pt:placeholder="Ihre Email"/>
    <h:commandButton action="#{bean.save}"
                     value="Save"/>
  </h:form>
</h:body>
</html>
```

# HTML5: Pass-Through-Attribute

---

- Pass-Through-Attribute über Tags

```
<h:inputText id="email" value="#{bean.email}">
    <f:passThroughAttribute name="type" value="email"/>
    <f:passThroughAttribute name="placeholder"
        value="Ihre Email"/>
    <f:passthroughAttributes value="#{bean.attrs}"/>
</h:inputText>
```

- HTML5-Custom-Data-Attributes

```
<h:inputText id="email" value="#{bean.email}"
    pt:type="email" pt:data-required="true"/>
```

# HTML5: Pass-Through-Elemente

---

- Seite mit HTML5 + JSF-Attributten

```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:jsf="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf">
<head jsf:id="head"><title>JSF HTML5</title></head>
<body jsf:id="body">
  <form jsf:id="form">
    <input jsf:id="name" jsf:value="#{bean.name}"
          type="text" placeholder="Enter name"/>
    <button jsf:action="#{bean.save}">Save</button>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

# HTML5: Mapping zu JSF-Tags

---

HTML-Element	Selektor-Attribut	JSF-Tag
a	jsf:action	h:commandLink
a	jsf:outcome	h:commandLink
form		h:form
input	type="button"	h:commandButton
input	type="checkbox"	h:selectBooleanCheckbox
input	type="file"	h:inputFile
input	type="*"	h:inputText
select	multiple="*"	h:selectManyListbox
select		h:selectOneListbox

# HTML5: Pass-Through-Elemente

---

- Pass-Through-Elemente werden Komponenten

```
<input type="email" jsf:value="#{bean.name}">
    <f:validateLength minimum="3"/>
</input>
```

- Generische Pass-Through-Elemente

```
<progress jsf:id="progress" max="10"
    value="#{bean.progress}">
    <f:ajax event="click" render="@this"/>
</progress>
```

# Demonstration

```
<h:inputText id="lastName" value="#{customerBean.customer.lastName}" />
<h:inputText id="birthday" value="#{msgs.birthday}" />
<f:convertDateTime pattern="dd.MM.YYYY">
    <mg:validateAge minAge="18"/>
</h:inputText>
<h:outputLabel for="gender" value="#{msgs.gender}"/>
<h:selectOneRadio id="gender" required="true" value="#{customerBean.customer.gender}">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_f}" itemValue="F" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_m}" itemValue="M" />
</h:selectOneRadio>
```

## HTML5 Friendly Markup

- Pass-Through-Attribute
- Pass-Through-Elemente

Beispiel: <https://github.com/jsflive/jsf22-examples/jsf22-html5>

# Resource Library Contracts

- Resource Library Contract
  - Templates
  - Ersetzbare Bereiche
  - Ressourcen



# Contracts: Ein erstes Beispiel 1/3

---

- JSF sucht Contracts an folgenden Stellen
  - /contracts
  - /META-INF/contracts
- Beispiel **contract1**



# Contracts: Ein erstes Beispiel 2/3

---

- Template **template.xhtml**

```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:ui="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/facelets"
      xmlns:h="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/html">
<h:head><title>Contract Template</title></h:head>
<h:body>
  <h:outputStylesheet name="style.css"/>
  <div class="header">
    <ui:insert name="header"/>
  </div>
  <div class="content">
    <ui:insert name="content"/>
  </div>
</h:body>
</html>
```

# Contracts: Ein erstes Beispiel 3/3

---

- Template-Client

```
<ui:composition template="/template.xhtml">
    <ui:define name="header">
        <h1>Überschrift</h1>
    </ui:define>
    <ui:define name="content">
        <p>Beliebiger Inhalt</p>
        <h:graphicImage name="image.png"/>
    </ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```

# Contracts: Zuordnung

---

- Standard: Alle Seiten bekommen alle Contracts
- Statische Zuordnung in **faces-config.xml**

```
<resource-library-contracts>
  <contract-mapping>
    <url-pattern>/special/*</url-pattern>
    <contracts>layout-special</contracts>
  </contract-mapping>
</resource-library-contracts>
```

- Dynamische Zuordnung pro Seite

```
<f:view contracts="contract1">
  <ui:composition template="/template.xhtml">
    ...
  </ui:composition>
</f:view>
```

# Demonstration

```
<h:inputText id="lastName" value="#{customerBean.customer.lastName}" />
<h:inputText id="birthday" value="#{msgs.birthday};" />
<f:convertDateTime pattern="dd.MM.YYYY">
    <mg:validateAge minAge="18"/>
</h:inputText>
<h:outputLabel for="gender" value="#{msgs.gender};" />
<h:selectOneRadio id="gender" required="true" value="#{customerBean.customer.gender}">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_f}" itemValue="F" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_m}" itemValue="M" />
</h:selectOneRadio>
```

## Resource Library Contracts

Beispiel: <https://github.com/jsflive/jsf22-examples/jsf22-contracts>

# Faces Flows

---

- Flow gruppiert Seiten
- Definierte Start- und Endpunkte

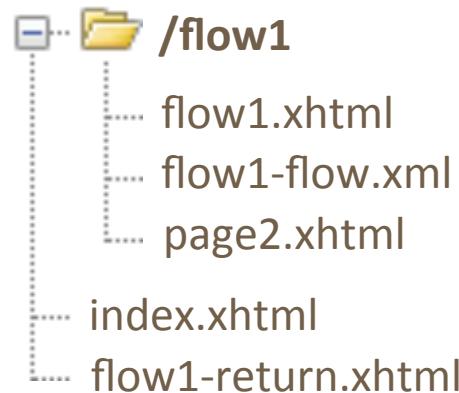


- Flows ermöglichen:
  - Wiederverwendbarkeit
  - Navigation auf Flow einschränken
  - Flow-Scope

# Flows: Implizite Flow-Definition

---

- Definition in Verzeichnis /<flow-ID>
- Leere Konfiguration: <flow-ID>-flow.xml
- Startknoten: <flow-ID>.xhtml
- Endknoten: /<flow-ID>-return.xhtml



# Flows: Impliziten Flow verwenden

---

- Flow starten:

```
<h:link value="Flow 1" outcome="flow1"/>
```

- Navigation innerhalb Flow:

```
<h:commandButton value="Next" action="page2"/>
```

- Flow beenden:

```
<h:button value="Finish" outcome="flow1-return"/>
```

# Flows: Explizite Flow-Definition (XML)

---

- Konfiguration in <flow-ID>-flow.xml

```
<faces-config version="2.2">
    <flow-definition id="flow1">
        <flow-return id="flow1-return">
            <from-outcome>/index.xhtml</from-outcome>
        </flow-return>
    </flow-definition>
</faces-config>
```

# Flows: Explizite Flow-Definition (Java)

---

- Konfiguration mit CDI-Producer

```
public class Flow1 implements Serializable {  
  
    @Produces @FlowDefinition  
    public Flow buildFlow(@FlowBuilderParameter  
        FlowBuilder builder) {  
        String flowId = "flow1";  
        builder.id("", flowId);  
        builder.viewNode("flow1", "/flow1/flow1.xhtml")  
            .markAsStartNode();  
        builder.returnNode("flow1-return")  
            .fromOutcome("/index.xhtml");  
        return builder.getFlow();  
    }  
}
```

# Flows: Knotentypen

---

- View Node
- Return Node
- Flow Call Node
- Switch Node
- Method Call Node

# Flows: @FlowScoped

---

- CDI-Scope für einen Flow

```
@javax.inject.Named  
@javax.faces.flow.FlowScoped(value="flow1")  
public class FlowBean {  
    ...  
}
```

- An Browsetab/-fenster gebunden
- Implizites Objekt **flowScope** (Map)

```
<h:outputText value="#{flowScope.param1}"/>
```

# Demonstration

```
<h:inputText id="lastName" value="#{customerBean.customer.lastName}" />
<h:inputText id="birthday" value="#{msgs.birthday}" />
<f:convertDateTime pattern="dd.MM.YYYY">
    <mg:validateAge minAge="18"/>
</h:inputText>
<h:outputLabel for="gender" value="#{msgs.gender}" />
<h:selectOneRadio id="gender" required="true" value="#{customerBean.customer.gender}" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_f}" itemValue="F" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_m}" itemValue="M" />
</h:selectOneRadio>
```

## Faces Flows

Beispiel: <https://github.com/jsflive/jsf22-examples/jsf22-flows>

# Stateless Views

---

- State für Seite nicht speichern

```
<f:view transient="true">  
    ...  
</f:view>
```

# Neue Namensräume

---

`http://java.sun.com`



`http://xmlns.jcp.org`

# View Actions

---

- Actions bei GET-Anfragen ausführen

```
<f:metadata>
    <f:viewParam name="id" value="#{bean.id}" />
    <f:viewAction action="#{bean.loadPerson}" />
</f:metadata>
```

- Action-Methode

```
public class Bean {
    private int id;
    public String loadPerson() {
        // Person mit id laden
        return null;
    }
}
```

## View Actions: Details

---

- Standardmäßig in *Invoke Application*

```
<f:viewAction phase="APPLY_REQUEST_VALUES"  
              action="#{bean.load}"/>
```

- View-Actions standardmäßig nur bei GET-Anfragen

```
<f:viewAction onPostback="true"  
              action="#{bean.load}"/>
```

- Achtung:
  - Navigation immer als Redirect
  - Komponentenbaum noch nicht aufgebaut

# Demonstration

```
<h:inputText id="lastName" value="#{customerBean.customer.lastName}" />
<h:inputText id="birthday" value="#{msgs.birthday};" />
<f:convertDateTime pattern="dd.MM.YYYY">
    <mg:validateAge minAge="18"/>
</h:inputText>
<h:outputLabel for="gender" value="#{msgs.gender};" />
<h:selectOneRadio id="gender" required="true" value="#{customerBean.customer.gender}">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_f}" itemValue="F" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_m}" itemValue="M" />
</h:selectOneRadio>
```

## View Actions

Beispiel: <https://github.com/jsflive/jsf22-examples/jsf22-view-action>

# Dateiupload mit h:inputFile

---

- Komponente **h:inputFile**

```
<h:inputFile id="file" value="#{bean.file}" />
```

- Eigenschaft vom Typ **javax.servlet.http.Part**

```
public class Bean {  
    private Part file;  
    public Part getFile() {return file;}  
    public void setFile(Part f) {this.file = f;}  
}
```

# Demonstration

```
<h:inputText id="lastName" value="#{customerBean.customer.lastName}" />
<h:inputText id="birthday" value="#{msgs.birthday}" />
<f:convertDateTime pattern="dd.MM.YYYY">
    <mg:validateAge minAge="18"/>
</h:inputText>
<h:outputLabel for="gender" value="#{msgs.gender}" />
<h:selectOneRadio id="gender" required="true" value="#{customerBean.customer.gender}" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_f}" itemValue="F" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_m}" itemValue="M" />
</h:selectOneRadio>
```

## Dateiupload mit h:inputFile

Beispiel: <https://github.com/jsflive/jsf22-examples/jsf22-input-file>

# CollectionDataModel

---

- **h:dataTable** unterstützt `java.util.Collection`

```
<h:dataTable value="#{bean.persons}" var="p">
    <h:column>#{p.name}</h:column>
    <h:column>#{p.email}</h:column>
</h:dataTable>
```

```
@Named @RequestScoped
public class bean {
    @Inject
    private PersonRepository personRepository;
    public Collection<Person> getPersons() {
        return personRepository.getPersons();
    }
}
```

# Tags für Kompositkomponenten

---

- Tags für einzelne Kompositkomponenten

```
<facelet-taglib version="2.2">
  <namespace>http://jsflive.at/taglib</namespace>
  <tag>
    <tag-name>collapsible</tag-name>
    <component>
      <resource-id>
        jsflive/collapsiblePanel.xhtml
      </resource-id>
    </component>
  </tag>
</facelet-taglib>
```

# Demonstration

```
<h:inputText id="lastName" value="#{customerBean.customer.lastName}" />
<h:inputText id="birthday" value="#{msgs.birthday}" />
<f:convertDateTime pattern="dd.MM.YYYY" />
<mg:validateAge minAge="18" />
</h:inputText>
<h:outputLabel for="gender" value="#{msgs.gender}" />
<h:selectOneRadio id="gender" required="true" value="#{customerBean.customer.gender}" />
<f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_f}" itemValue="F" />
<f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_m}" itemValue="M" />
</h:selectOneRadio>
```

## Tags für Kompositkomponenten

- Tags für Komponenten aus mehreren Bibliotheken

Beispiel: <https://github.com/jsflive/jsf22-examples/jsf22-composite-component-tags>

# Konfigurierbares Ressourcenverzeichnis

---

- Kontextparameter in `web.xml`

```
<param-name>  
    javax.faces.WEBAPP_RESOURCES_DIRECTORY  
</param-name>  
<param-value>/WEB-INF/resources</param-value>
```

- ... auch für Contracts

```
<param-name>  
    javax.faces.WEBAPP_CONTRACTS_DIRECTORY  
</param-name>  
<param-value>/WEB-INF/contracts</param-value>
```

# Verzögerte Ajax-Anfragen

---

- Ajax-Anfrage wird verzögert
- Nur aktuellste Anfragen wird verarbeitet

```
<h:inputText value="#{bean.product}">
    <f:ajax event="keyup" render="list" delay="300"/>
</h:inputText>
<h:panelGroup id="list">
    <ui:repeat value="#{bean.products}" var="p">
        #{p}<br/>
    </ui:repeat>
</h:panelGroup>
```

# Eingabefelder zurücksetzen

---

- Eingabefelder bei Ajax-Anfrage zurücksetzen

```
<h:form id="form">
    <h:messages id="msgs"/>
    <h:inputText id="v1" value="#{bean.value1}" />
    <h:commandLink value="+1" action="#{bean.incV1}">
        <f:ajax render="v1" resetValues="true"/>
    </h:commandLink>
    <h:inputText id="v2" value="#{bean.value2}">
        <f:validateLongRange minimum="10"/>
    </h:inputText>
    <h:commandButton value="Save">
        <f:ajax execute="v1 v2" render="msgs v1 v2"/>
    </h:commandButton>
</h:form>
```

# Demonstration

```
<h:inputText id="lastName" value="#{customerBean.customer.lastName}" />
<h:inputText id="birthday" value="#{msgs.birthday};" />
<f:convertDateTime pattern="dd.MM.YYYY">
    <mg:validateAge minAge="18"/>
</h:inputText>
<h:outputLabel for="gender" value="#{msgs.gender};" />
<h:selectOneRadio id="gender" required="true" value="#{customerBean.customer.gender}">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_f}" itemValue="F" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="#{msgs.gender_m}" itemValue="M" />
</h:selectOneRadio>
```

## Eingabefelder zurücksetzen

- Beispiel

Beispiel: <https://github.com/jsflive/jsf22-examples/jsf22-reset-values>

# CDI-View-Scope

---

- Annotation für View-Scope in CDI

```
@javax.inject.Named  
@javax.faces.view.ViewScoped  
public class CustomerBean {  
    @Inject  
    private CustomerService customerService;  
    ...  
}
```

- Alternative:

**Apache MyFaces CODI**  
@ViewAccessScoped



# Status Implementierungen

---

**Oracle Mojarra**  
2.2.2

**Apache MyFaces**  
2.2-SNAPSHOT



2.– 5. September 2013  
in Nürnberg



# Herbstcampus

Wissenstransfer  
par excellence

## Vielen Dank!

Michael Kurz



# Neugierig?



- Kurz, Marinschek, Müllan:  
**JavaServer Faces 2.0, dpunkt.Verlag**
- Irian JSF@Work Online-Tutorial  
<http://jsfatwork.rian.at>
- JSFLive Weblog  
<http://jsflive.wordpress.com>

