

3.– 6. September 2012
in Nürnberg



Herbstcampus

Wissenstransfer
par excellence

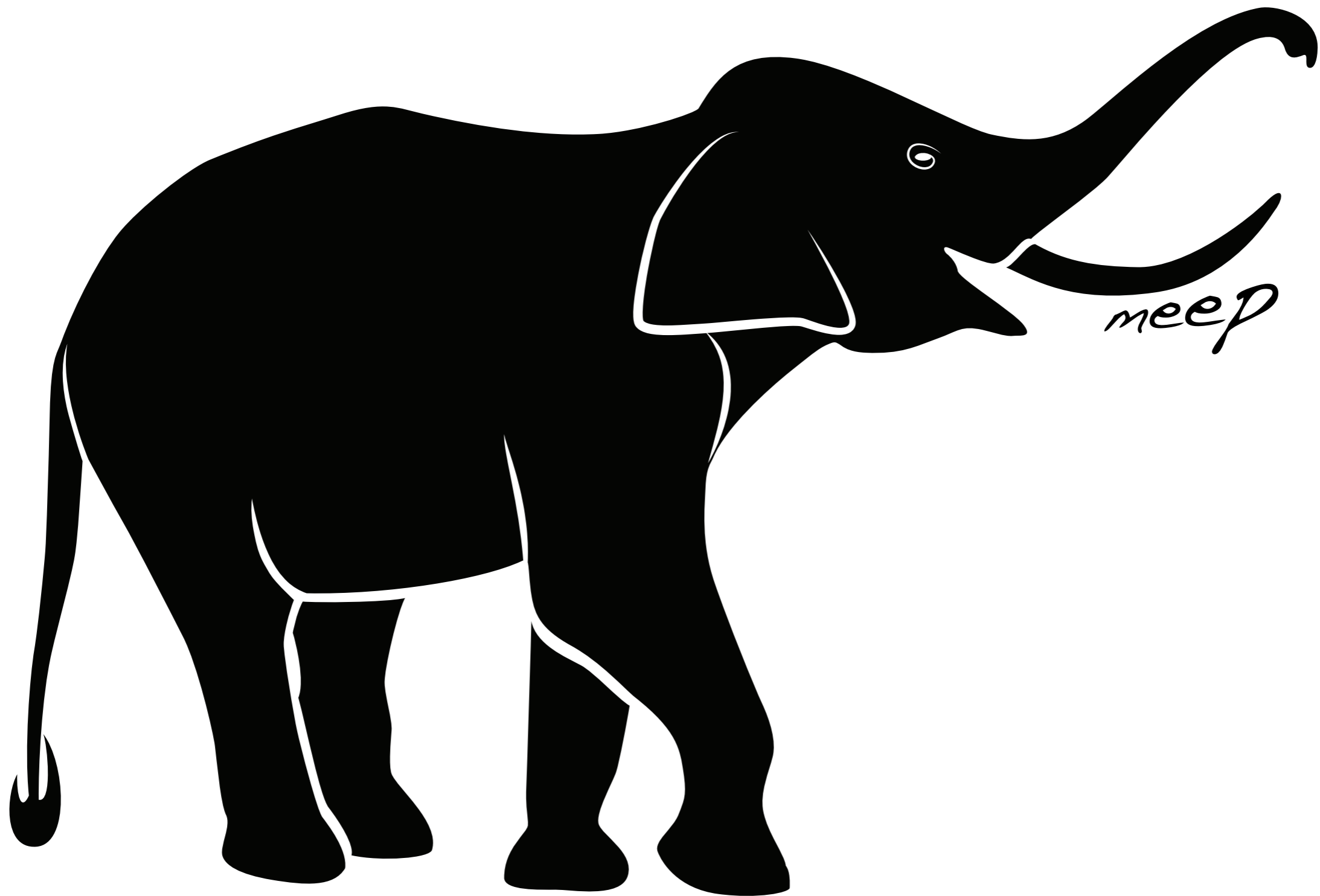
Treppenschach(t)

Bessere Testfälle mit ScalaCheck

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imbus AG

@asflierl
<http://blog.flierl.eu>



agil

TDD

```
"An elephant" should {  
  "be identifiable" in {  
    Elephant(42).id must be equalTo 42  
  }  
}
```



```
case class Elephant(id: Int)
```

```
"An elephant" should {  
  "be identifiable" in {  
    Elephant(42, "Mona").id must be equalTo 42  
  }  
  
  "have a name" in {  
    Elephant(42, "Mona").name must be equalTo "Mona"  
  }  
}
```



```
case class Elephant(id: Int, name: String)
```

```
"An elephant" should {  
  "be identifiable" in {  
    Elephant(42, "Mona").id must be equalTo 42  
  }  
  
  "be identified only by its ID" in {  
    Elephant(42, "Mona") must be equalTo Elephant(42, "Functo")  
  }  
  
  "have a name" in {  
    Elephant(42, "Mona").name must be equalTo "Mona"  
  }  
}
```



```
final case class Elephant(id: Int, name: String) {  
  override def equals(other: Any): Boolean =  
    other match {  
      case Elephant(i, _) => id == i  
      case _ => false  
    }  
}
```

```
"An elephant" should {
  val id = ID(42)

  "be identifiable" in {
    Elephant(id, "Mona").id must be equalTo id
  }

  "be identified only by its ID" in {
    Elephant(id, "Mona") must be equalTo Elephant(id, "Functo")
  }

  "have a name" in {
    Elephant(id, "Mona").name must be equalTo "Mona"
  }
}

"An ID" should {
  "always be positive" in {
    ID(-42).code must be equalTo 42
  }
}
```

```
final case class Elephant(id: ID, name: String) {  
  override def equals(other: Any): Boolean =  
    other match {  
      case Elephant(i, _) => id == i  
      case _ => false  
    }  
}
```

```
final class ID private (val code: Int)  
object ID {  
  def apply(code: Int): ID = new ID(math.abs code)  
}
```

```

"An elephant" should {
  //...

  "have an abbreviated name" in {
    "name"          || "abbreviated" |
    //-----|-----|
    ""              !! "<unnamed>"  |
    "Mona"          !! "Mona"        |
    "0123456789"    !! "0123456789"   |
    "0123456789A"  !! "012345678..." |
    "Eyjafjallajökull" !! "Eyjafjall..." |> {

      (name, abbrev) =>
        Elephant(id, name).abbreviatedName must be equalTo abbrev
    }
  }

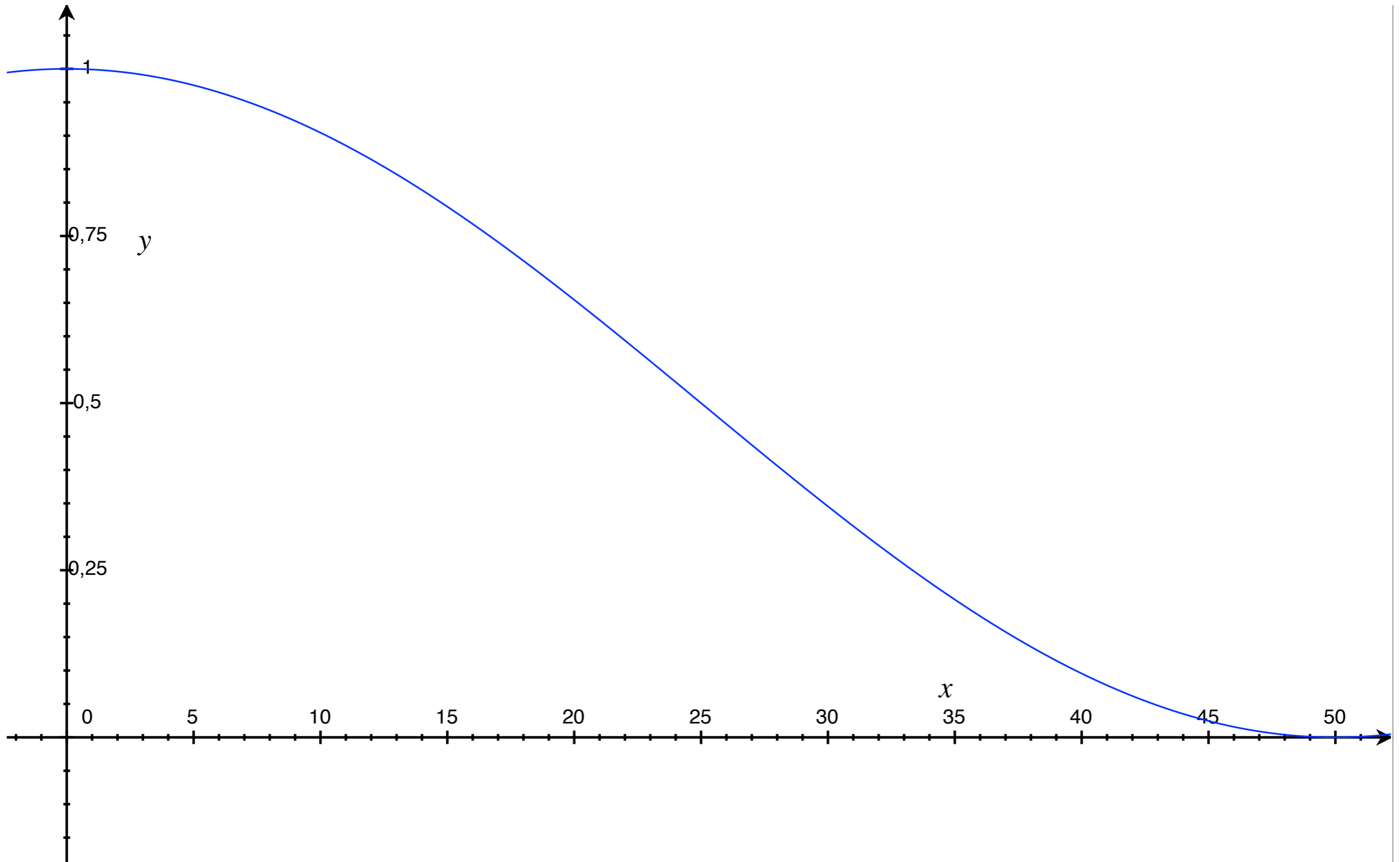
  //...
}

//...

```

```
final case class Elephant(id: ID, name: String) {  
  override def equals(other: Any): Boolean =  
    other match {  
      case Elephant(i, _) => id == i  
      case _ => false  
    }  
  
  val abbreviatedName =  
    if (name.isEmpty) "<unnamed>"  
    else if (name.length <= 10) name  
    else name.substring(0, 9) + "..."  
}  
  
final class ID private (val code: Int)  
object ID {  
  def apply(code: Int): ID = new ID(math.abs code)  
}
```

```
"An elephant" should {  
  //...  
  
  val memory = List(Squee(now), Squee(now - 1.year))  
  
  "remember the squees" in {  
    Elephant(id, "Mona", memory).memory must be equalTo memory  
  }  
  
  "have a popularity rating" in {  
    Elephant(id, "Mona", memory).popularity must be equalTo 1d  
  }  
  
  //...  
}  
  
//...
```



```
final case class Elephant(id: ID, name: String, memory: Seq[Squee]) {
  override def equals(other: Any): Boolean = other match {
    case Elephant(i, _, _) => id == i
    case _ => false
  }

  val abbreviatedName =
    if (name.isEmpty) "<unnamed>"
    else if (name.length <= 10) name
    else name.substring(0, 9) + "..."

  def popularity = memory map age filter recent map weight reduce (_ + _)

  def age(squee: Squee) = weeksBetween(squee moment, now)
  def recent(span: Weeks) = span isLessThan weeks(50)
  def weight(span: Weeks) = (cos(span.getWeeks * Pi / 50d) + 1d) / 2d
}

final class ID private (val code: Int)
object ID {
  def apply(code: Int): ID = new ID(math.abs code)
}


case class Squee(moment: DateTime)
```



```
8 final case class Elephant(id: ID, name: String, memory: Seq[Squee]) {
9   override def equals(other: Any): Boolean = other match {
10    case Elephant(i, _, _) => id == i
11    case _ => false
12  }
13
14  val abbreviatedName =
15    if (name.isEmpty) "<unnamed>"
16    else if (name.length <= 10) name
17    else name.substring(0, 9) + "..."
18
19  def popularity = memory map age filter recent map weight reduce (_ + _)
20
21  def age(squee: Squee) = weeksBetween(squee.moment, now)
22  def recent(span: Weeks) = span.isLessThan weeks(50)
23  def weight(span: Weeks) = (cos(span.getWeeks * Pi / 50d) + 1d) / 2d
24 }
25
26 final class ID private (val code: Int)
27 object ID {
28   def apply(code: Int): ID = new ID(math.abs code)
29 }
30
31 case class Squee(moment: DateTime)
```


```
"An elephant" should {  
  //...  
  
  "not equal something else" in {  
    Elephant(id, "Mona", Nil) == "fluffy cloud" must beFalse  
  }  
  
  //...  
}  
  
//...
```

eu/flierl/treppenschacht/**Elephant.scala**

 Elephant

 ID

 ID

 Squee

100 %

100 %

100 %

100 %

100 %

~~Yeah!~~
not...

```
final case class Elephant(id: ID, name: String, memory: Seq[Squee]) {
  override def equals(other: Any): Boolean = other match {
    case Elephant(i, _, _) => id == i
    case _ => false
  }
}
```

hashCode

```
val abbreviatedName =
  if (name.isEmpty) "<unnamed>"
  else if (name.length <= 10) name
  else name.substring(0, 9) + "..."
```

unicode

```
def popularity = memory map age filter recent map weight reduce (_ + _)
```

```
def age(squee: Squee) = weeksBetween(squee.moment, now)
def recent(span: Weeks) = span.isLessThan weeks(50)
def weight(span: Weeks) = (cos(span.getWeeks * Pi / 50d) + 1d) / 2d
```

empty list

```
final class ID private (val code: Int)
object ID {
  def apply(code: Int): ID = new ID(math.abs code)
}
```

future dates

```
case class Squee(moment: DateTime)
```

Int.MinValue

*equals,
hashCode,
toString*

Alter Hut #1

Tests zeigen die
Anwesenheit von Fehlern,
nicht deren **Ab**wesenheit.

(Negativbeweis)



Alter Hut #2

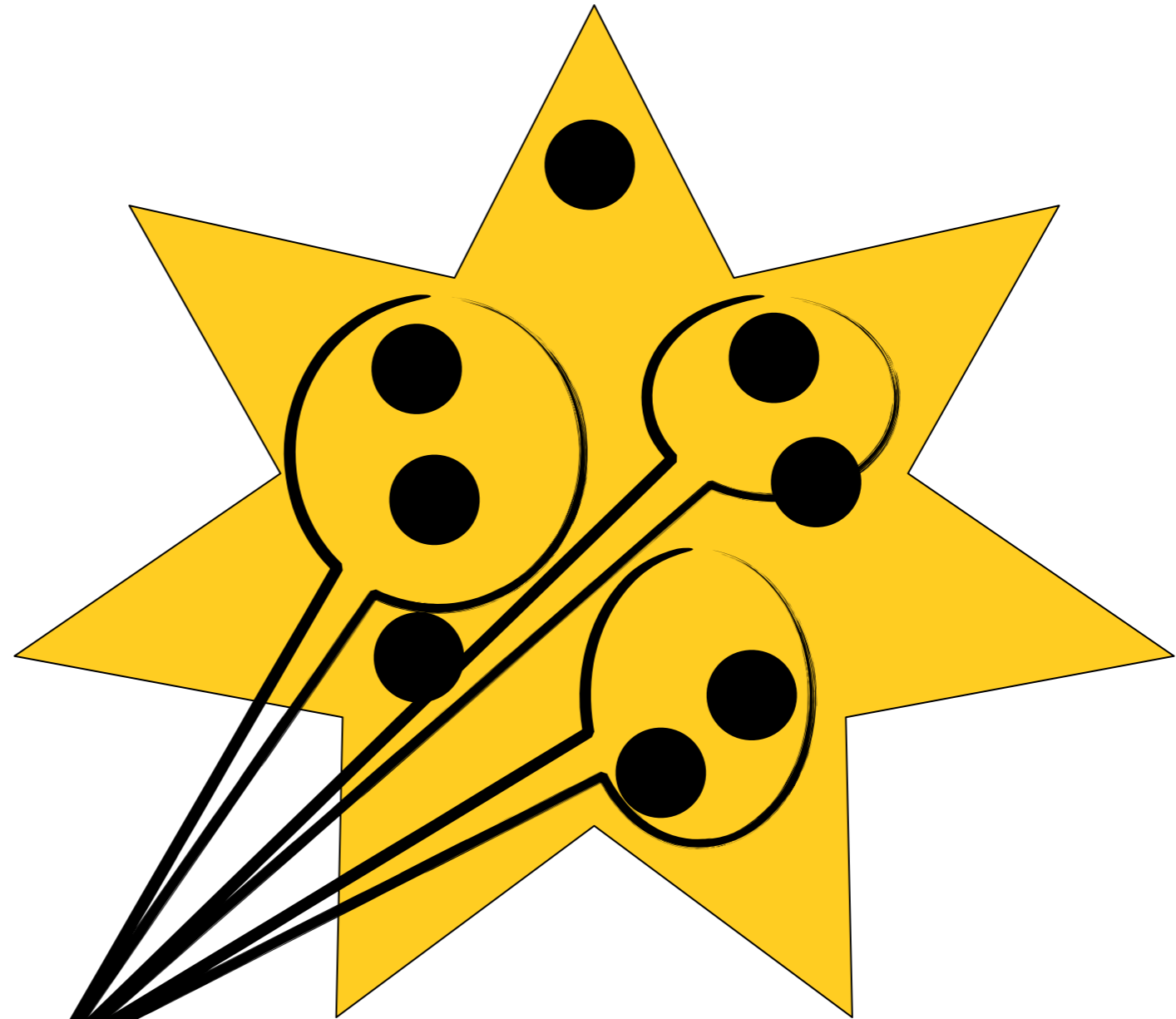
Testabdeckung (code coverage) ist **kein** Maß für die Güte der Testfälle.



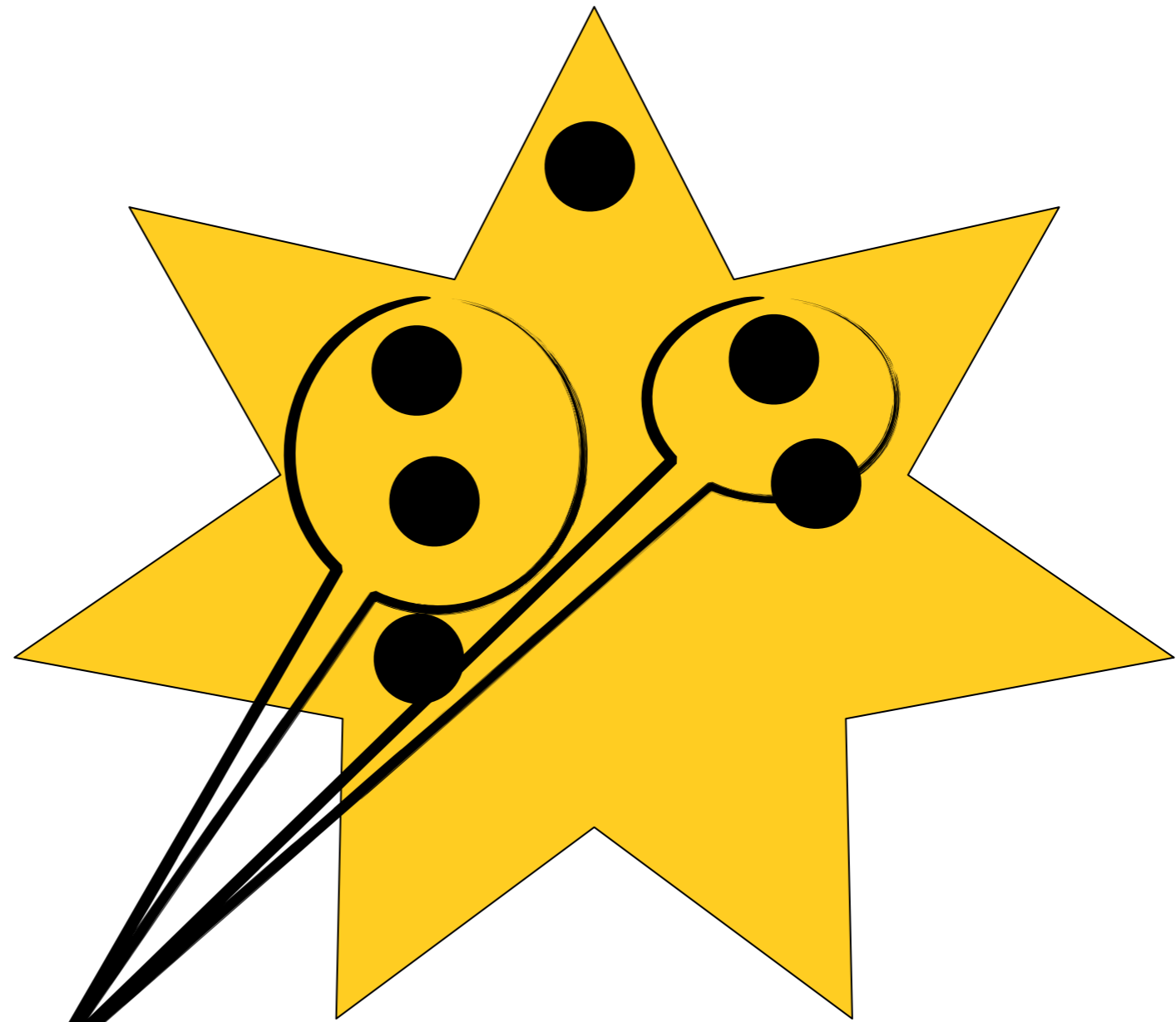
... oder anders

100% Abdeckung
→ keine Aussage

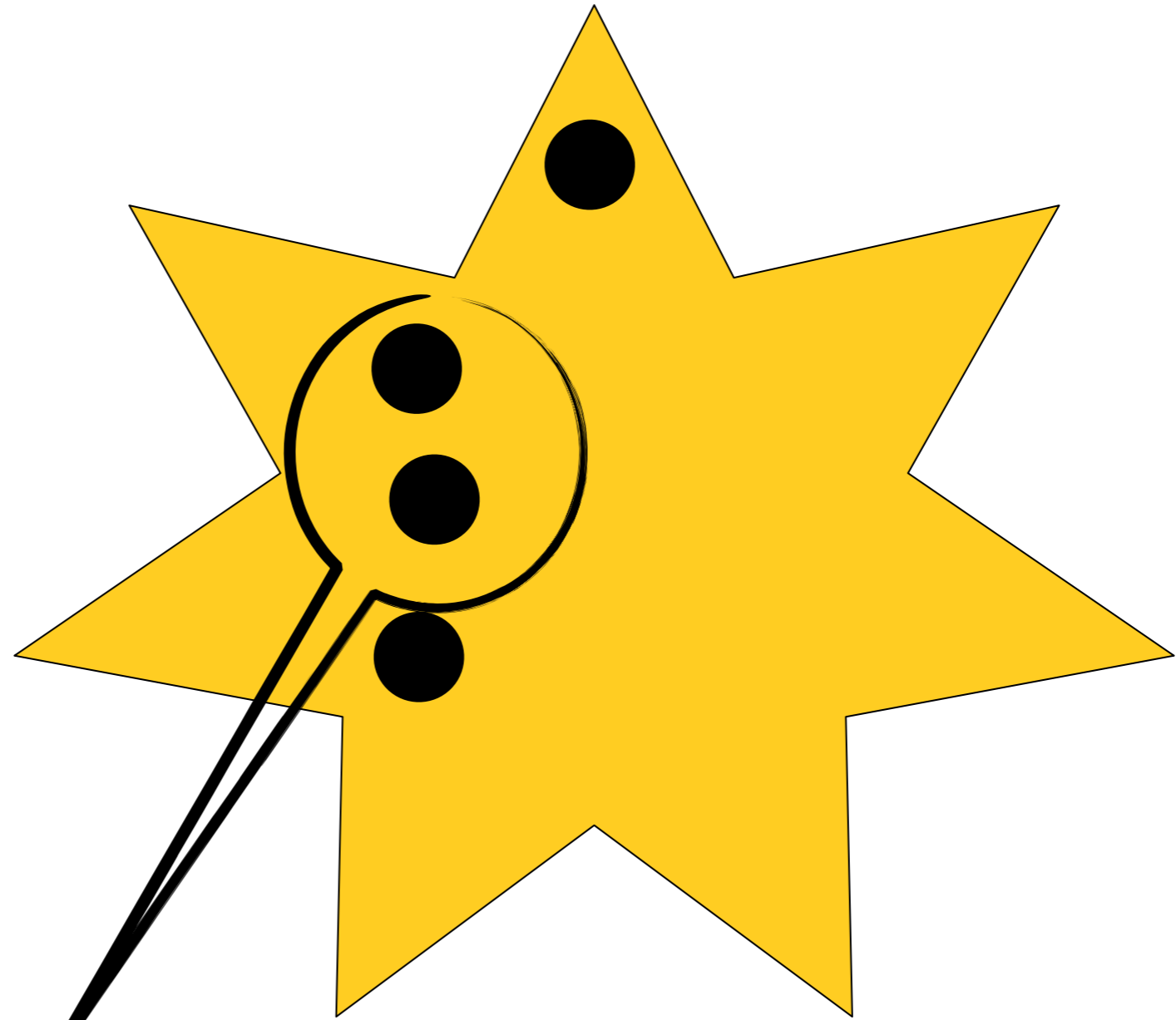
25% Abdeckung
→ Tests unzureichend



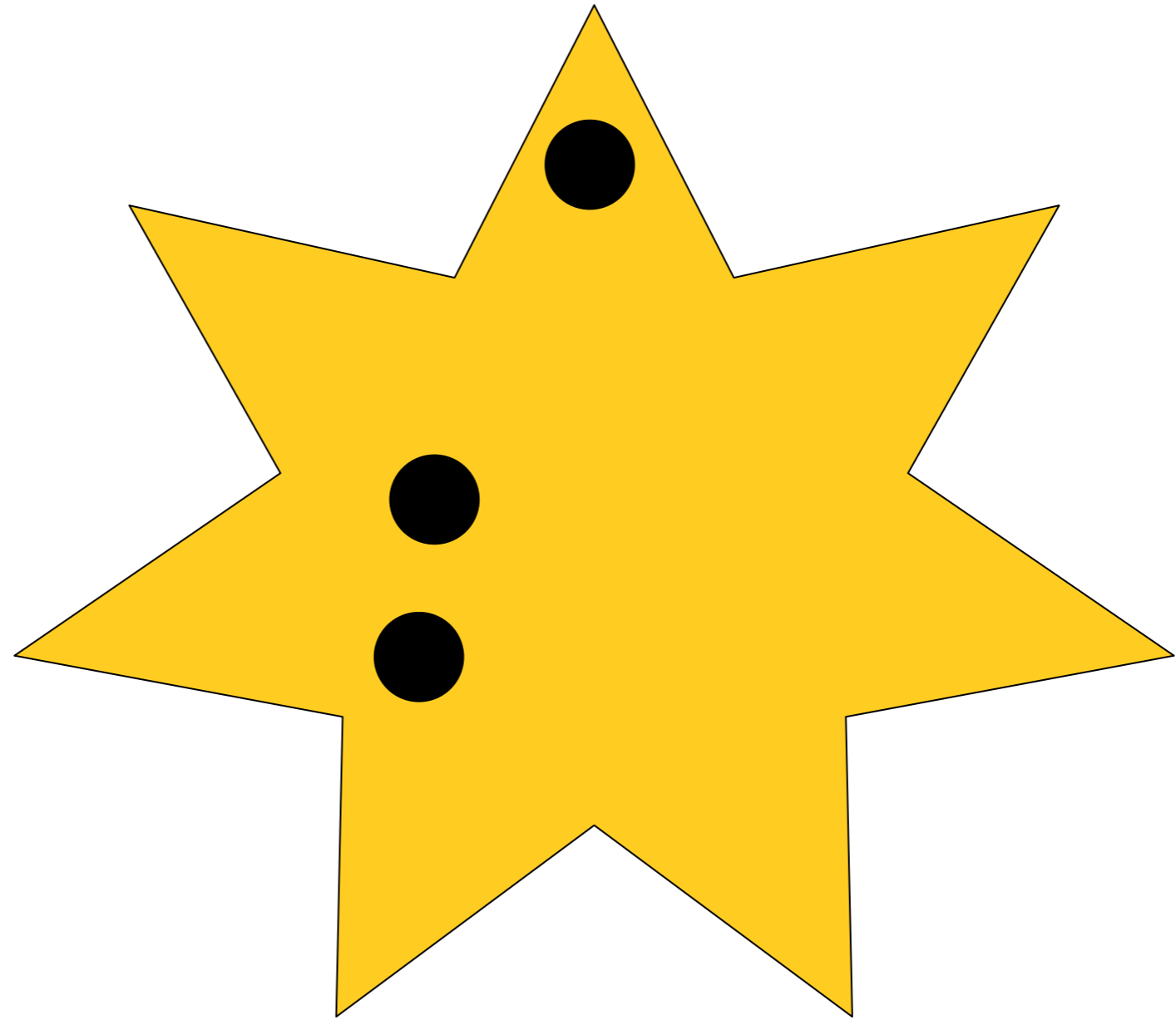
Coverage 25%



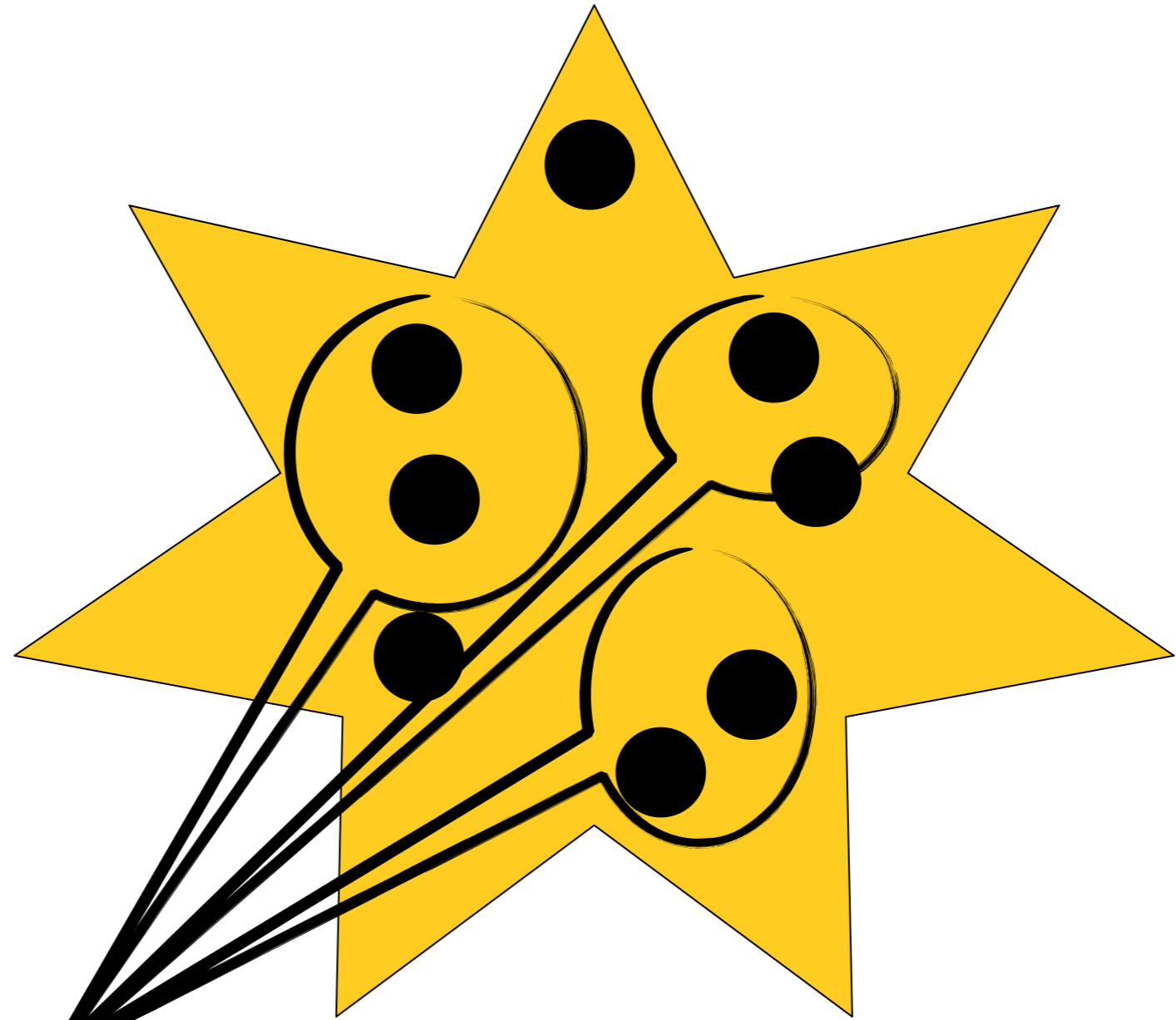
Coverage 50%



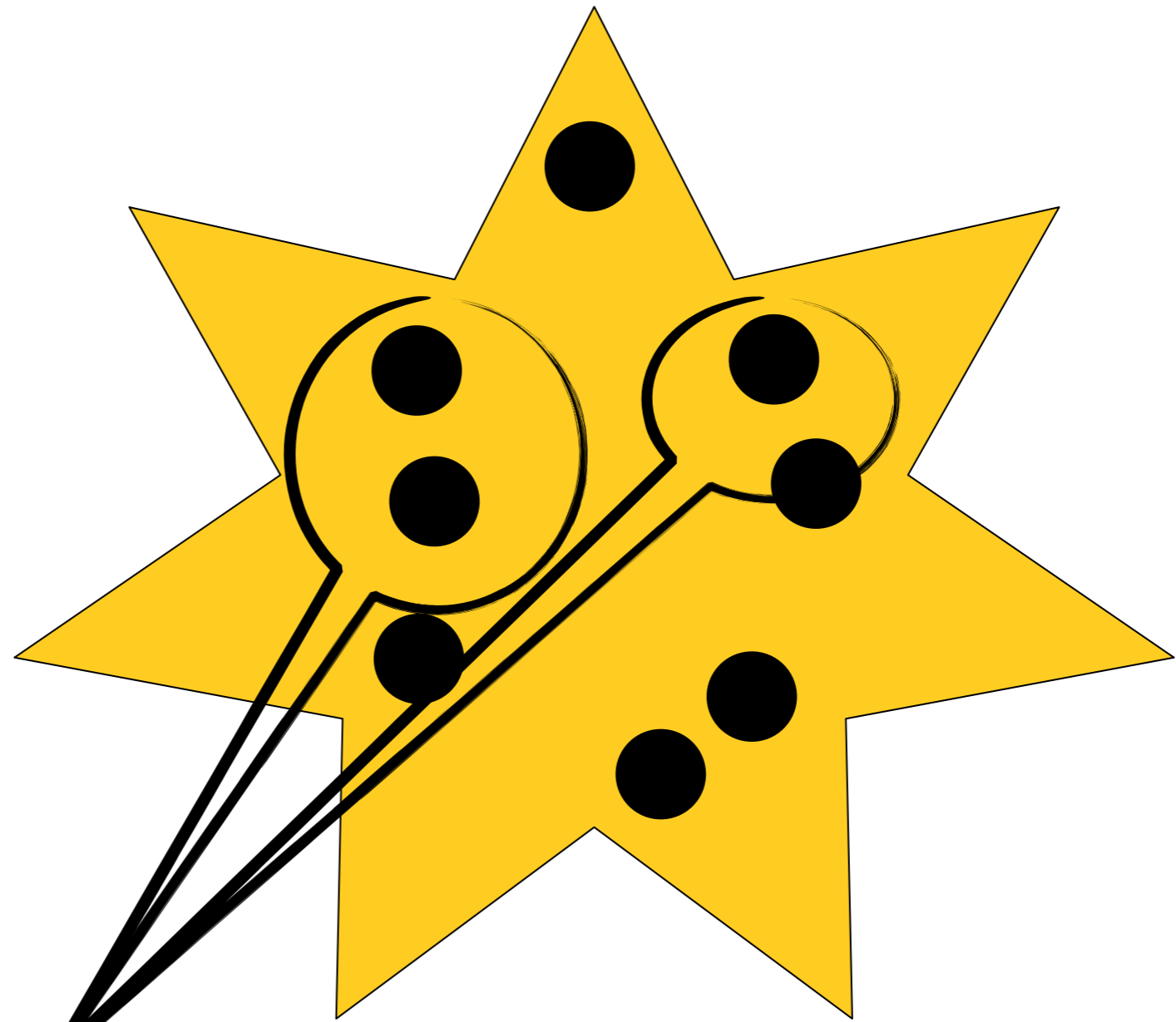
Coverage 75%



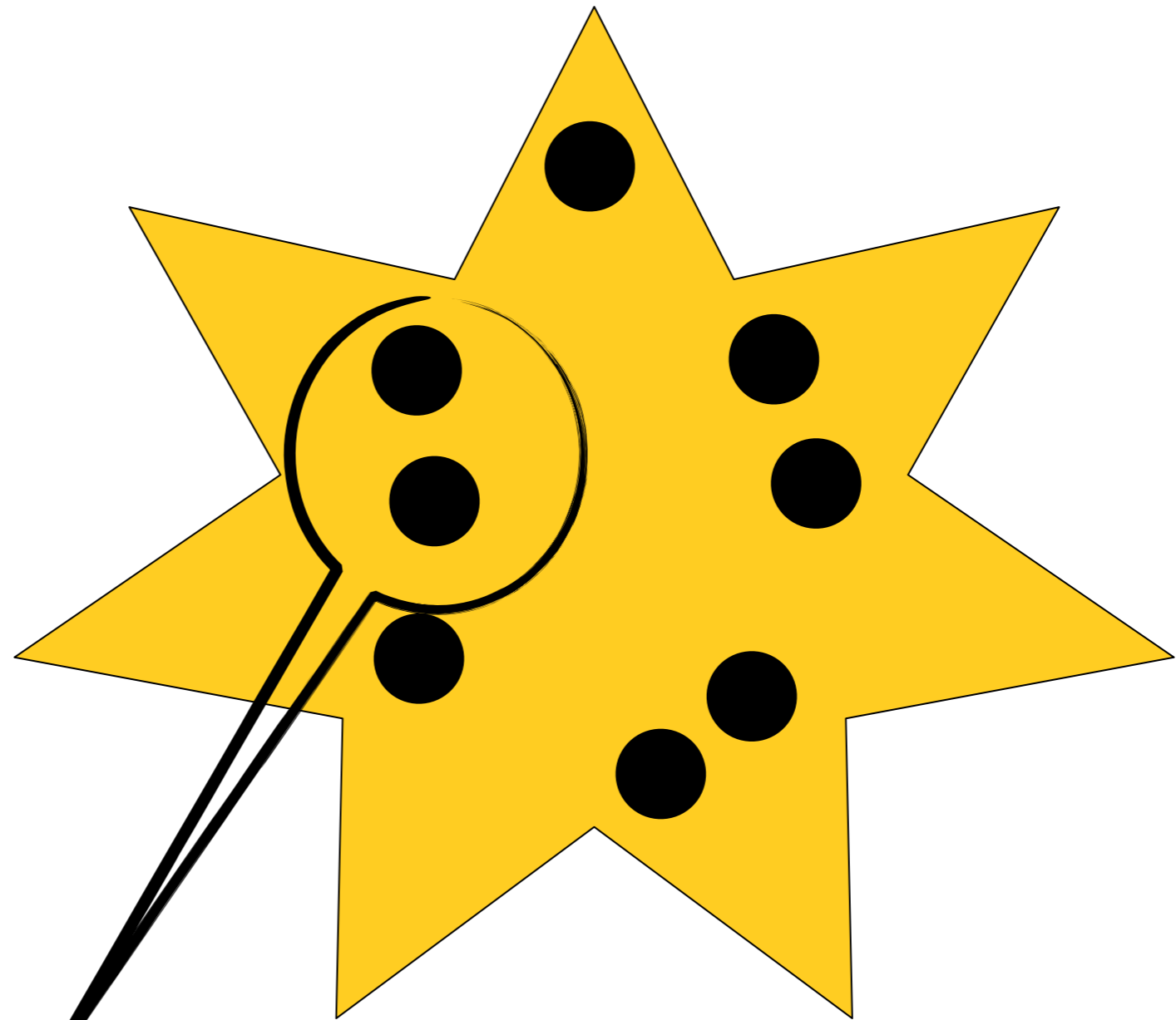
Coverage 100%



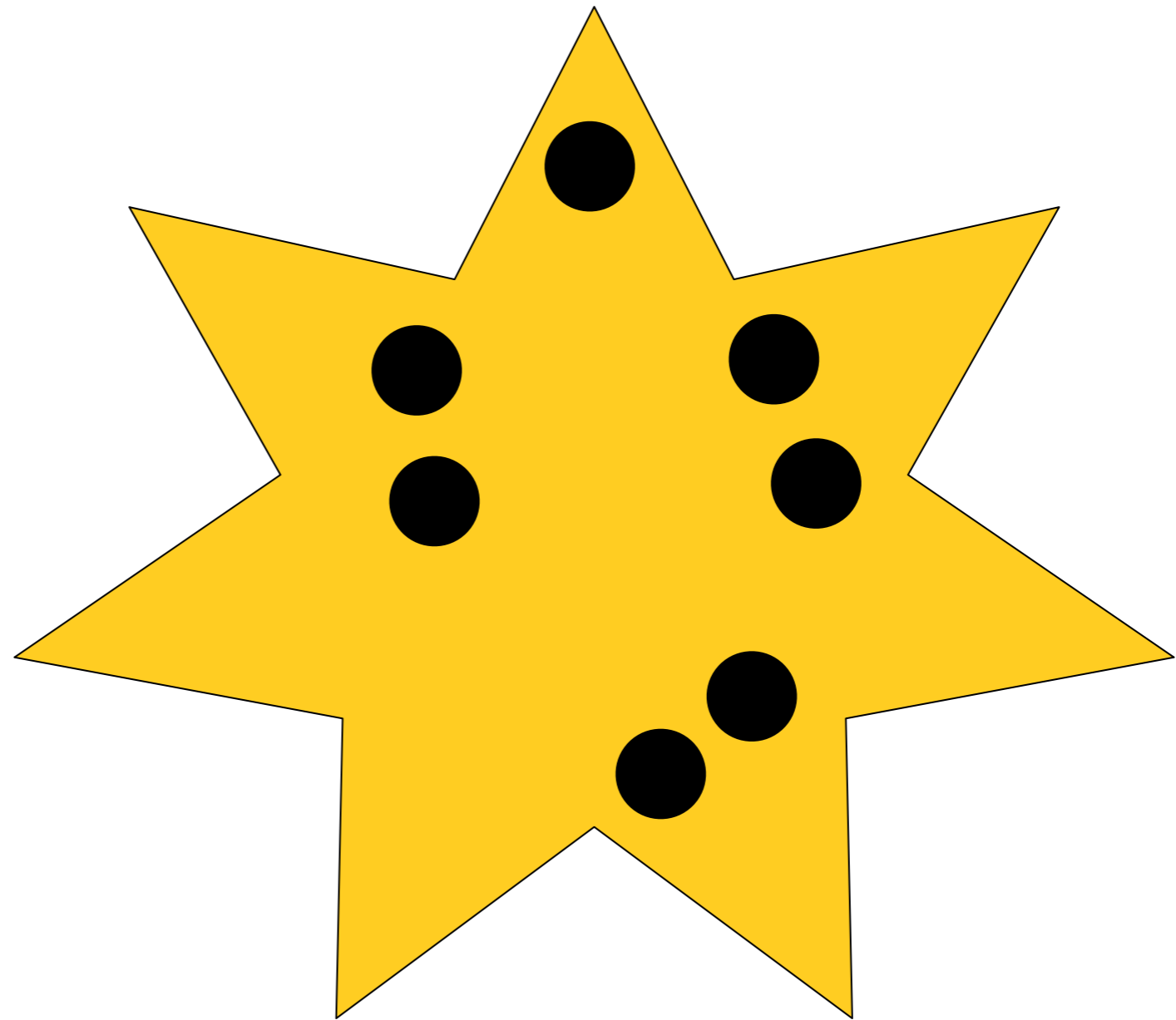
Coverage 25%



Coverage 50%



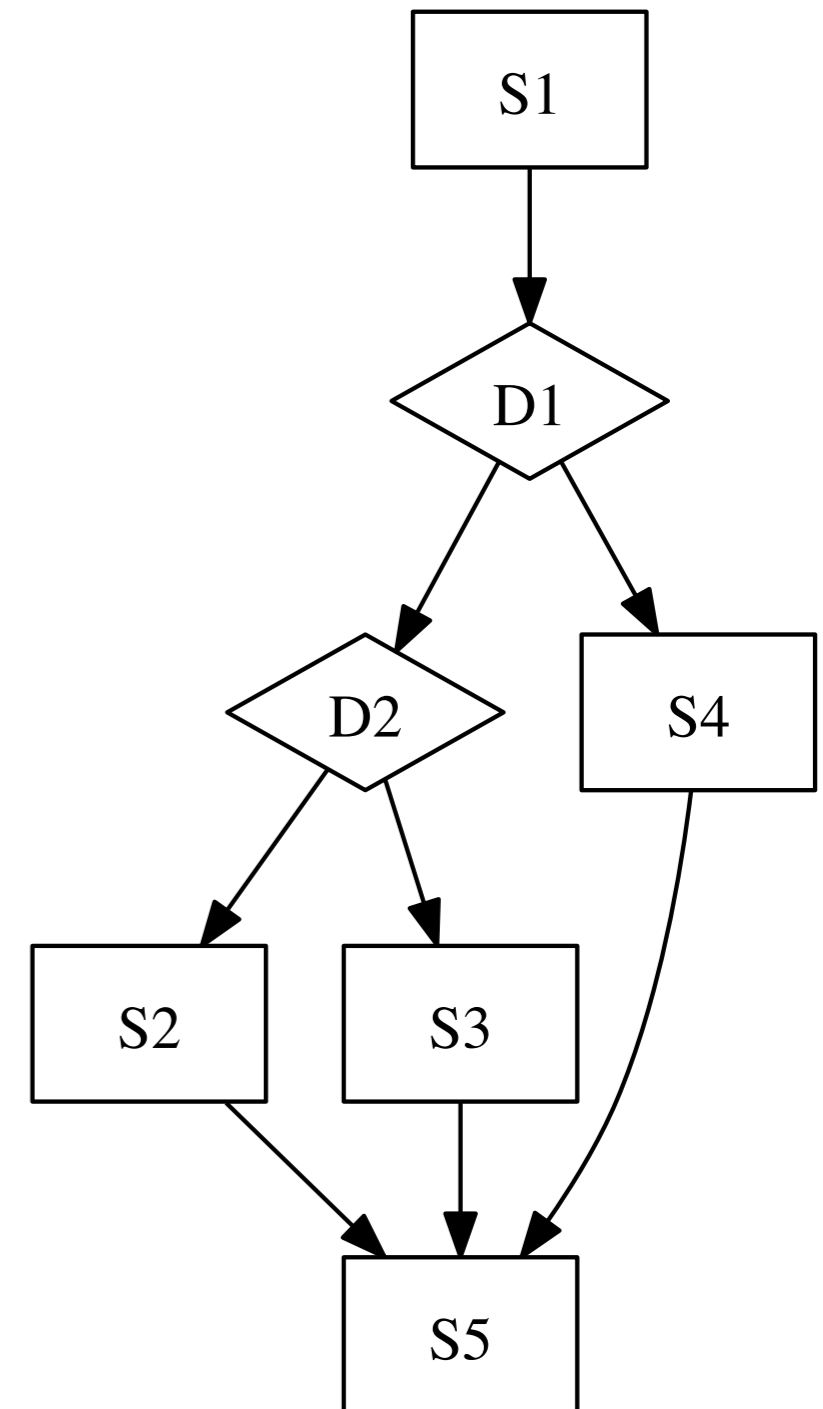
Coverage 75%



Coverage 100%

Testabdeckung

```
def f(a: Int, b: Int, c: Int): Int = {  
  val x = a + b          // S1  
  val y =  
    if (x < c)           // D1  
      if (x % 2 == 0)    // D2  
        x                // S2  
      else  
        x + 1            // S3  
    else c               // S4  
  x + y                  // S5  
}
```



Testabdeckung

C0: Anweisungen

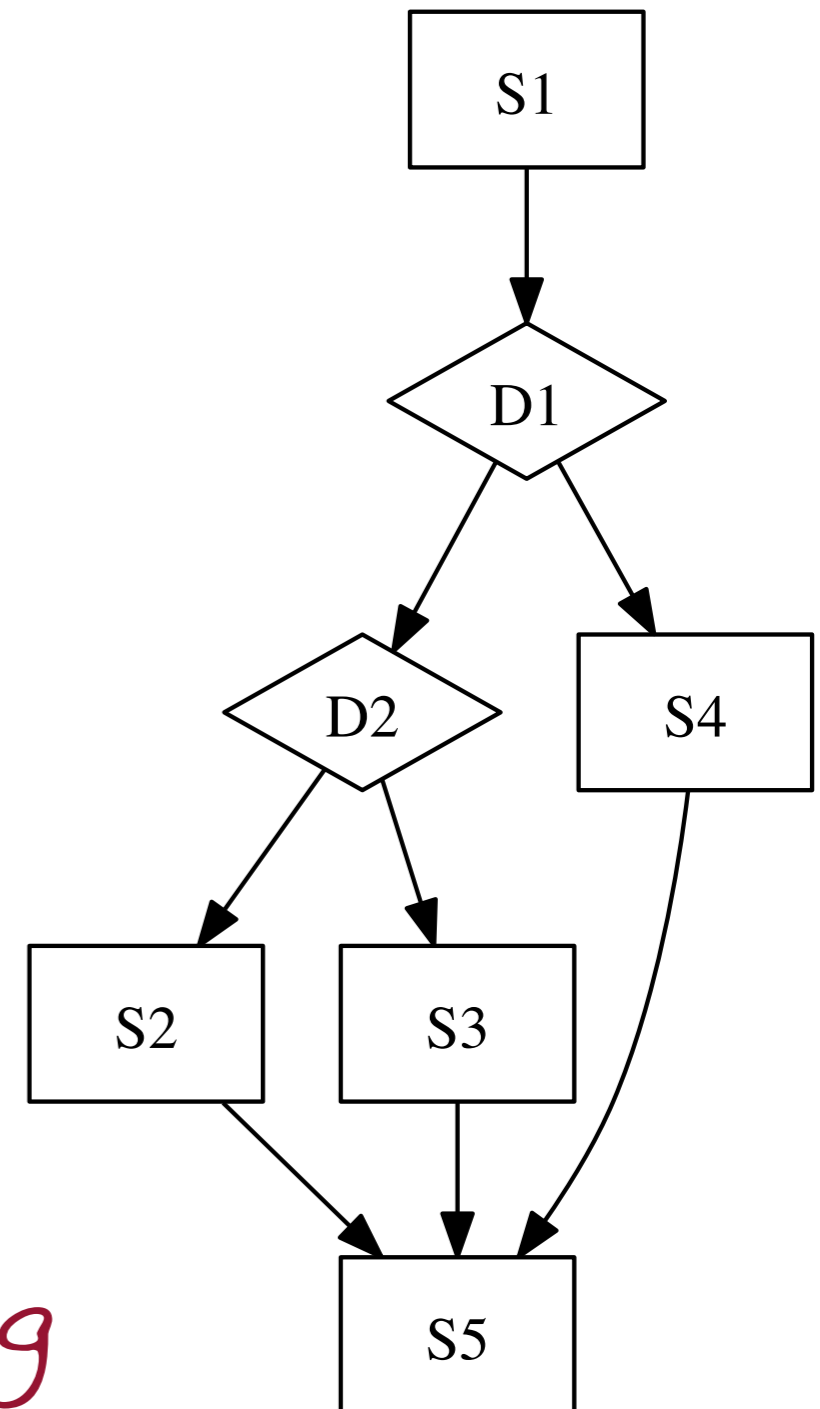
C1: Zweige

C2(a-c): Pfade

C3(a-c): Bedingungen

Achtung!

uneinheitliche Benennung



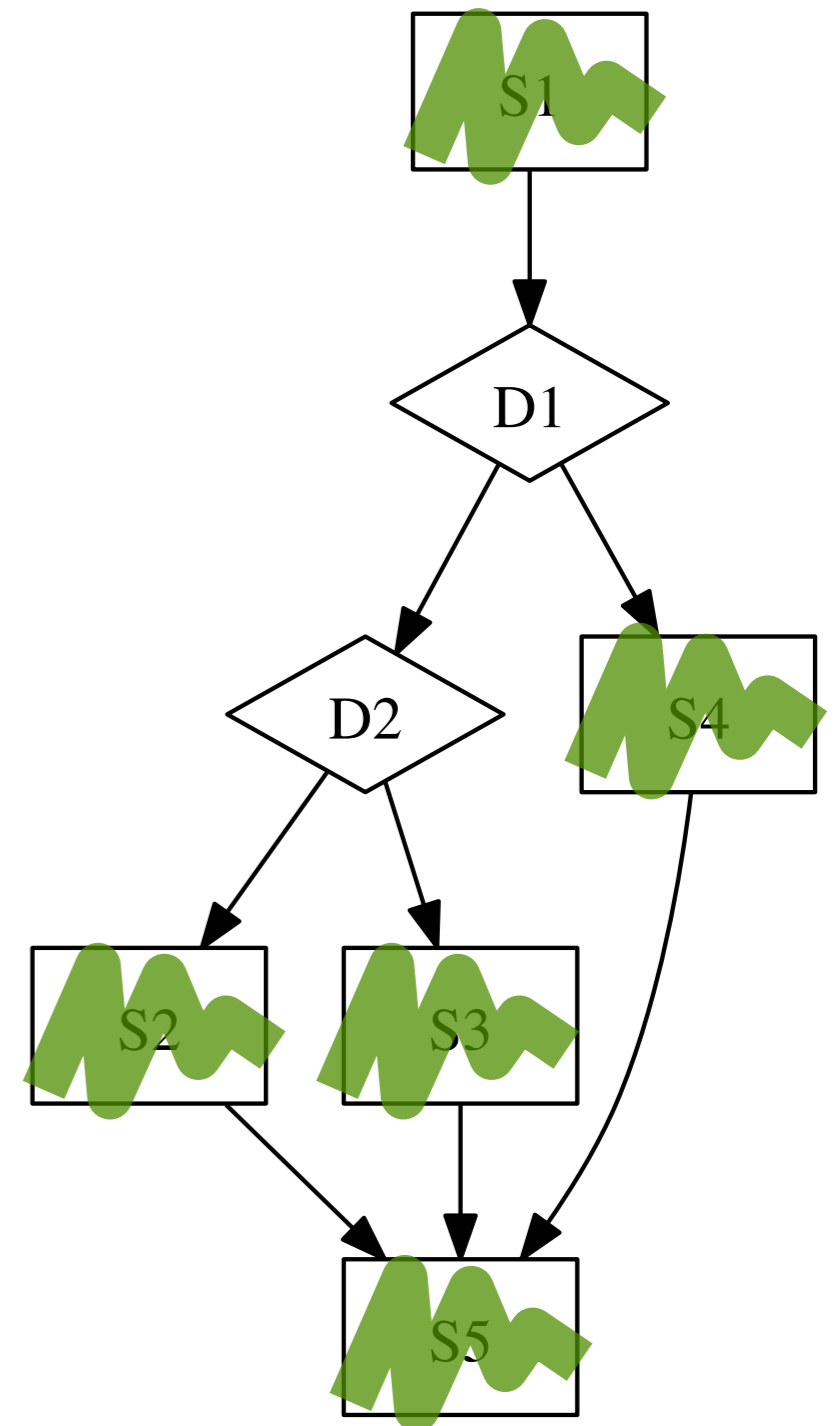
Testabdeckung

C0: Anweisungen

C1: Zweige

C2(a-c): Pfade

C3(a-c): Bedingungen



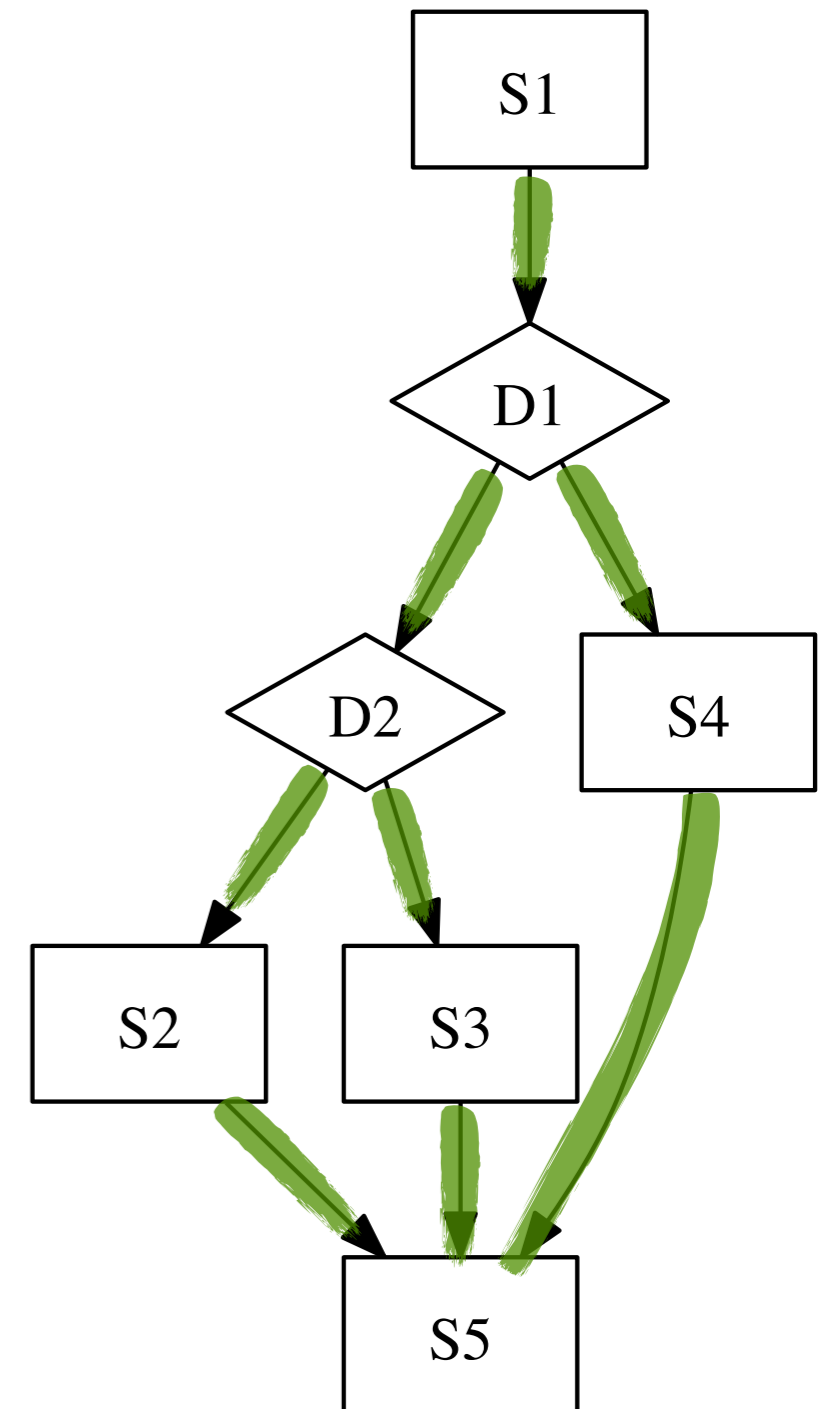
Testabdeckung

C0: Anweisungen

C1: Zweige

C2(a-c): Pfade

C3(a-c): Bedingungen



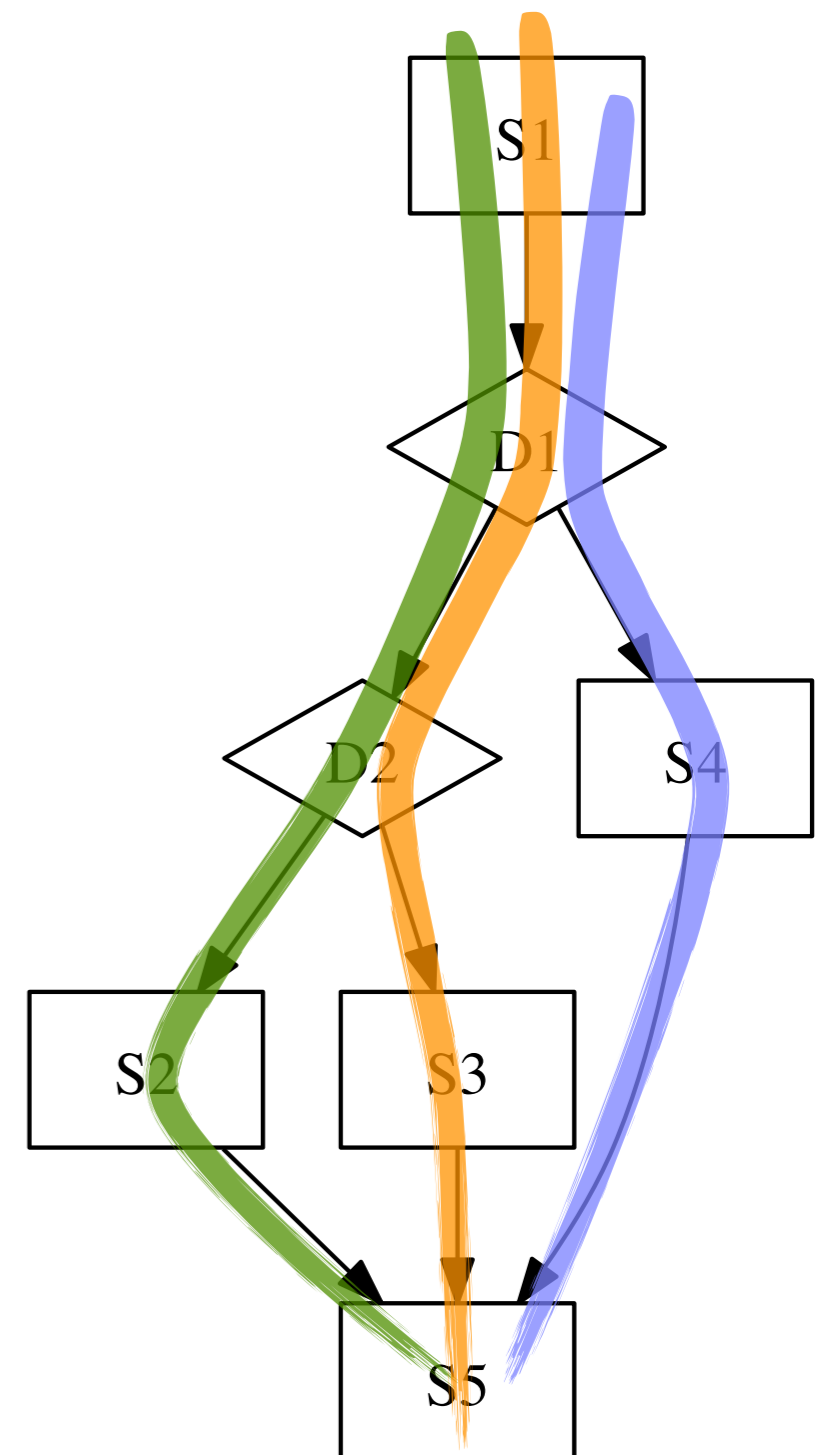
Testabdeckung

C0: Anweisungen

C1: Zweige

C2(a-c): Pfade

C3(a-c): Bedingungen



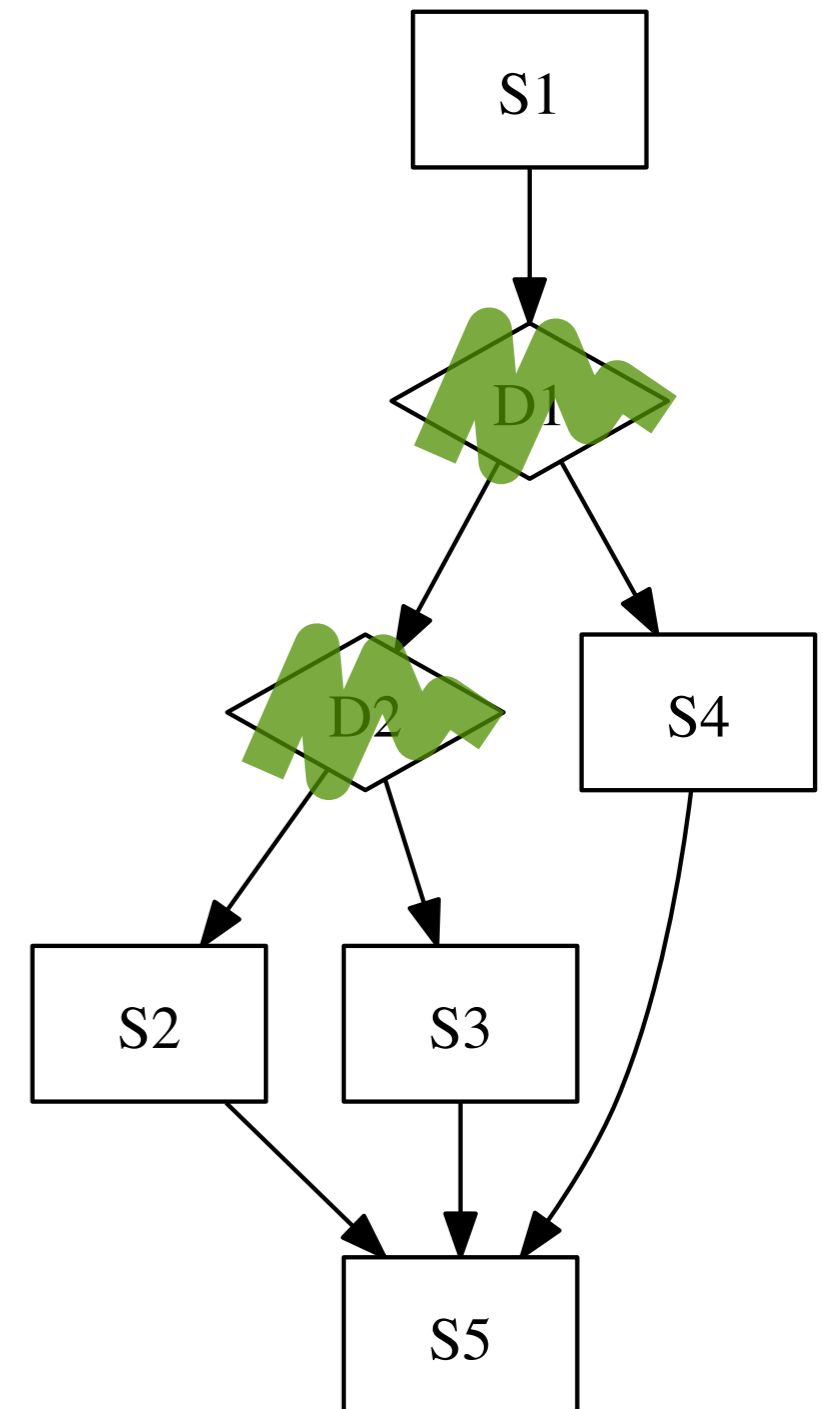
Testabdeckung

C0: Anweisungen

C1: Zweige

C2(a-c): Pfade

C3(a-c): Bedingungen



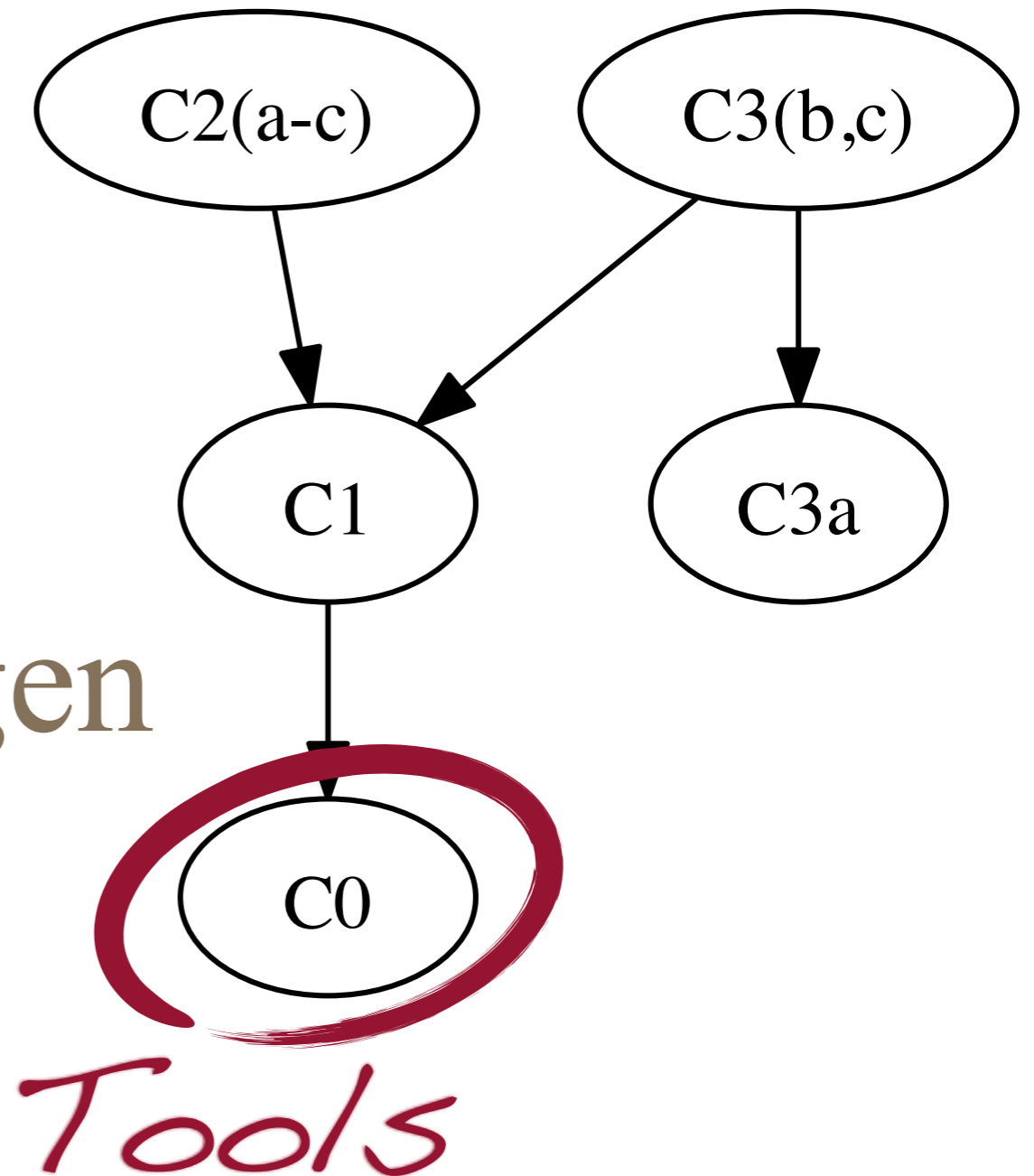
Testabdeckung

C0: Anweisungen

C1: Zweige

C2(a-c): Pfade

C3(a-c): Bedingungen



Akzeptanzkriterien?

Alter Hut #3

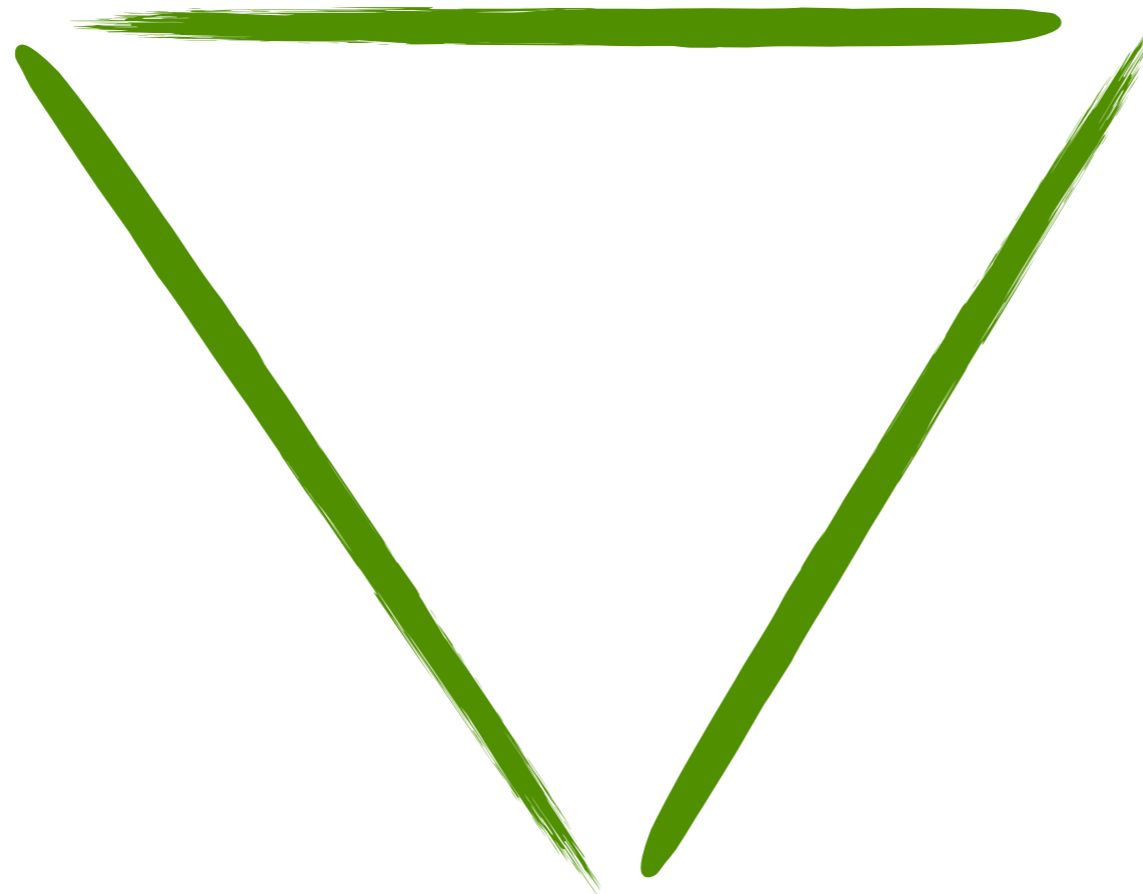
Vollständiger Test ist
(außer bei trivialen
Testobjekten) **nicht**
möglich.



Und jetzt?

mehr Tests

bessere Tests



Wartbarkeit

Noch mehr Tests?

```
final case class Elephant(id: ID, name: String, memory: Seq[Squee]) {
  override def equals(other: Any): Boolean = other match {
    case Elephant(i, _, _) => id == i
    case _ => false
  }

  val abbreviatedName =
    if (name.isEmpty) "<unnamed>"
    else if (name.length <= 10) name
    else name.substring(0, 9) + "..."

  def popularity = memory map age filter recent map weight reduce (_ + _)

  def age(squee: Squee) = weeksBetween(squee moment, now)
  def recent(span: Weeks) = span isLessThan weeks(50)
  def weight(span: Weeks) = (cos(span.getWeeks * Pi / 50d) + 1d) / 2d
}

final class ID private (val code: Int)
object ID {
  def apply(code: Int): ID = new ID(math.abs code)
}

case class Squee(moment: DateTime)
```

VS

```
class FooSpec extends Specification with DataTables {
  "An elephant" should {
    val id = ID(42)

    "be identifiable" in {
      Elephant(id, "Mona", Nil).id must be equalTo id
    }

    "be identified only by its ID" in {
      Elephant(id, "Mona", Nil) must be equalTo Elephant(id, "Functo", Nil)
    }

    "not equal something else" in {
      Elephant(id, "Mona", Nil) == "fluffy cloud" must beFalse
    }

    "have a name" in {
      Elephant(id, "Mona", Nil).name must be equalTo "Mona"
    }

    "have an abbreviated name" in {
      "name"           || "abbreviated" |
      //-----||-----|
      ""                !! "<unnamed>" |
      "Mona"            !! "Mona" |
      "0123456789"     !! "0123456789" |
      "0123456789A"    !! "012345678..." |
      "Eyjafjallajökull" !! "Eyjafjall..." |> {

        (name, expectedAbbreviation) =>
          Elephant(id, name, Nil).abbreviatedName must be equalTo expectedAbbreviation
      }
    }

    val memory = List(now, now - 25.weeks, now - 1.year) map Squee

    "remember the squees" in {
      Elephant(id, "Mona", memory).memory must be equalTo memory
    }

    "have a popularity rating" in {
      Elephant(id, "Mona", memory).popularity must be equalTo 1.5d
    }
  }

  "An ID" should {
    "always be positive" in {
      ID(-42).code must be equalTo 42
    }
  }
}
```

$\text{loc}(\text{tests}) > \overset{?}{2} \text{loc}(\text{impl})$
→ code smell

- mehr (sinnvolle) Tests
- nicht mehr Code

Bessere Testfälle?

*Äquivalenzklassenzerlegung,
Grenzwertanalyse*

usw.

Alter Hut #4

Blindheit gegenüber
den **eigenen** Fehlern.

Pair Programming?



automatisiert

Durchführung

Testfallauswahl

manuell

(insert drum roll here)

Zufällige Testfälle.

nein, wirklich!

... also zumindest fast

Property-Based Testing

- nicht wirklich neu
- Properties
- “geführte” Auswahl zufälliger Testdaten

ScalaCheck

- <http://github.com/rickynils/scalacheck>
- “A powerful tool for automatic unit testing.”
- klein & einfach

let's code

ScalaCheck

- test case minimisation
- stateful testing



ScalaCheck läuft...

- mit Specs2 !
- mit ScalaTest
- mit SBT
- oder alleine

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Vielen Dank

Andreas Flierl

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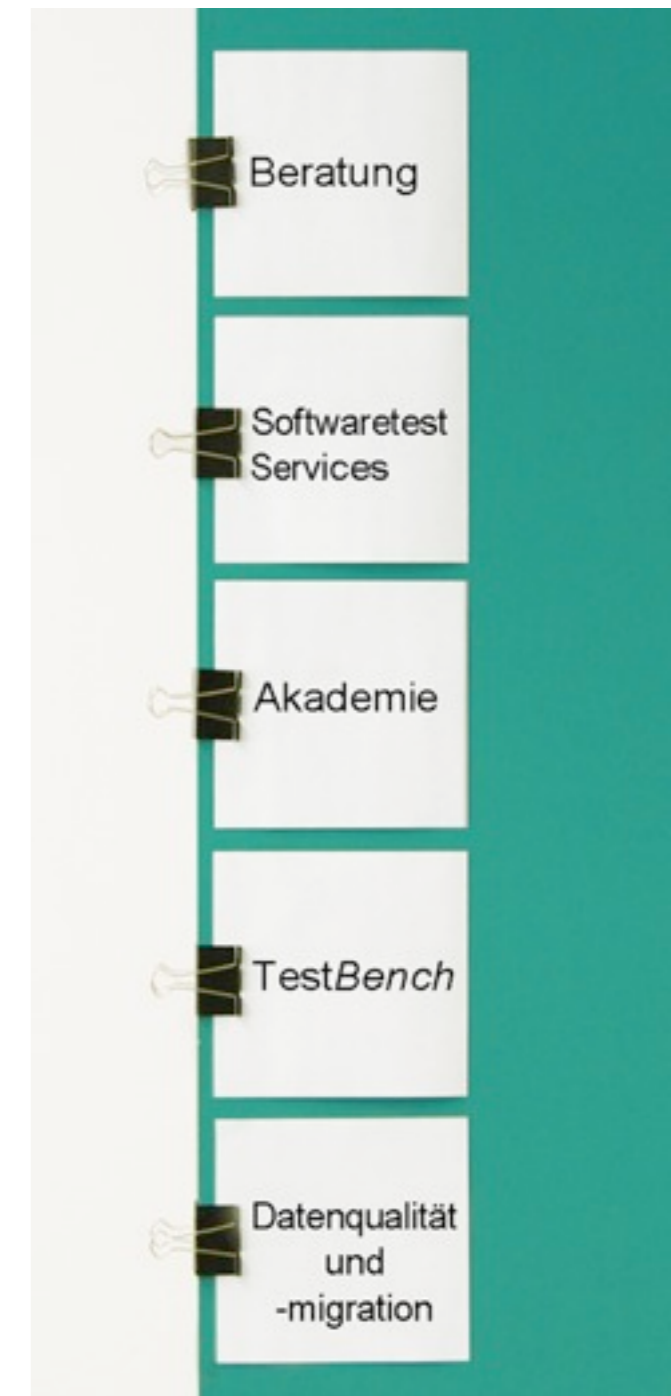


Bild-Quellen

Elefant auf Folie 3:

Happy elephant vector by VectorPortal.com

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Velociraptor auf Folie 55:

Digital + graphite drawing of Velociraptor mongoliensis

Autor: Matt Martyniuk

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